



## F2000 VITREOUS CHINA URINAL

Falcon Waterfree® urinal systems reduce water and sewer costs, lower maintenance and repair bills, and create more hygienic, odor-free restrooms. Our patented three part system, including vitreous china bowl, sloped housing and cartridge, eliminates the need for water, conserving up to an average of 40,000 gallons (150,000 liters) or more of water per urinal each year.

The unique and contemporary design of the F2000 has made it a popular choice in many upscale locations where its narrower and smaller profile adds a touch of flair to any restroom. This waterless urinal is constructed of vitreous china and is a wall hung, wall outlet unit. The F2000 meets ANSI/ASME A112.19.19-2006 for vitreous china non-water urinals and is CSA approved. It also meets ADA guidelines and ANSI A117.1 for accessible and usable buildings and facilities and complies with International Plumbing Code, National Standard Plumbing Code and Uniform Plumbing Code requirements.

### BENEFITS

- Uses no water for operation
- Five times less bacteria than flush urinals
- Reduced water and sewer costs
- No costly flush valve or sensor repairs
- No replacement sealant needed
- Provides downhill flow, helps reduce clogs
- Minimal care and easy cleaning
- Improved hygiene and safety
- Dual barrier protection
- Effectively odor-free
- Stylish, modern appearance

### FEATURES

- Touch-free operation
- Mechanical-free design
- Patented locking cartridge
- Maintenance-free cartridge
- Smooth, non-porous surface
- Vitreous china bowl
- Unique shape

### SYSTEM INCLUDES

- Vitreous china bowl
- Installed cartridge housing
- Cartridge kit\*
- Exclusive pipe-in-pipe technology\*
- One-piece wall bracket with anchors\*
- Drain line test cap\*
- Uni-coupler\*
- Installation Instructions

### CARTRIDGE KIT\* INCLUDES

- One sealed cartridge
- Pre-measured liquid sealant pack
- Installation key
- Disposal bag
- Plastic gloves
- Instruction sheet

“Falcon Waterfree urinals are predicted to be 500 times more effective against back migration of sewer gases as compared to conventional P-trap water barriers.”

Michael Hoffman, Ph. D  
California Institute of Technology

\*AVAILABILITY VARIES BY REGION